## **Amendments to the Claims**

1. (original) A method of treatment of a condition indicating treatment with a beta 4 subtype selective nicotinic acetylcholine receptor modulator comprising administering an effective amount of a compound represented by Formula (I) or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof:

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^4 \\
Y' \\
X \\
R^3
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
(CH_2)_n \\
(CH_2)_m \\
NR^3
\end{array}$$

(I)

wherein:

R<sup>1</sup> is -H,

 $C_{1-12}$ alkyl optionally substituted with 1, 2 or 3 groups independently selected from halogen, hydroxyl, thiol,  $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy or  $C_{1-4}$ alkylthio, or aryl- $C_{1-4}$ alkyl;

R<sup>2</sup> is -H,

-OH,

-C(O)-NH<sub>2</sub>

 $-NH_2$ 

-NH-O-V-T, wherein

Q is -C(O)-, -C(O)-NH-, -C(O)O-, or -SO<sub>2</sub>-; V is H, aryl, aryl-C<sub>1-12</sub>alkyl, diaryl-C<sub>1-12</sub>alkyl, lactonyl, or C<sub>1-18</sub>alkyl optionally substituted with halogen, hydroxyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, -C(O)OC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, -OC(O)C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, aryl-C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, aryloxy, or SO<sub>2</sub>C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, and T is H, halogen, C<sub>1-5</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, nitro, aryl, aryl-C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, or aryloxy unless V is H in which case T is absent; or

linked back to the aromatic ring so as to form a fused bicyclic compound represented by Formula (Ia)

(Ia)

wherein

D is O or S; and

E is O, S, NR<sup>5</sup>, C(R<sup>5</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, O-CR<sup>5</sup><sub>2</sub>, NR<sup>5</sup>-CR<sup>5</sup><sub>2</sub>, NR<sup>5</sup>-CO, CR<sup>5</sup><sub>2</sub>-O, CR<sup>5</sup><sub>2</sub>-S(O)<sub>r</sub>, CR<sup>5</sup><sub>2</sub>-NR<sup>5</sup>, CR<sup>5</sup><sub>2</sub>-CR<sup>5</sup><sub>2</sub>, CO-NR<sup>5</sup>, or CR<sup>5</sup>=CR<sup>5</sup>;

unless X is N in which case R<sup>2</sup> is absent

R<sup>3</sup> is H, halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl optionally substituted with from 1 to 3 fluorine atoms, cyano, CF<sub>3</sub>, OC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, aryloxy, arylC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, arylC<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>3-10</sub>cycloalkoxy, carboxy, carbonamido, -CO-, -CO<sub>2</sub>H, -NH<sub>2</sub>, NH-C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, aryl, hydroxy, -SO<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, -SO<sub>2</sub>NHC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, or -C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl-OH;

R<sup>4</sup> is H, halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl optionally substituted with from 1 to 3 fluorine atoms, cyano, CF<sub>3</sub>, OC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, aryloxy, arylC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, arylC<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>3-10</sub>cycloalkoxy, carboxy, carbonamido, -CO-, -CO<sub>2</sub>H, -NH<sub>2</sub>, NH-C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, aryl, hydroxy, -SO<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, -SO<sub>2</sub>NHC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, or -C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl-OH;

R<sup>5</sup> is each independently H or C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl;

X is C or N;

W is C or N;

W' is C or N;

Y is C or N;

Y' is C or N;

provided that there are no more than two N atoms in the aryl ring;

m is 1, 2, or 3;

n is 1, 2, or 3; and

the sum of m and n is 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6;

provided that

when X, W, W', Y and Y' are all C, R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are H and R<sup>1</sup> is selected from H,

unsubstituted C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl and unsubstituted C<sub>3-4</sub>cycloalkyl, R<sup>2</sup> may not be -OH;

when one of X, Y and Y' is N,  $R^3$  and  $R^4$  are H and  $R^1$  is selected from H, unsubstituted  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl and unsubstituted  $C_{3-4}$ cycloalkyl,  $R^2$  may not be H.

2. (original) The method of claim 1 provided that

when X, W, W', Y and Y' are all C and R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are H, R<sup>2</sup> may not be -OH; and that

when one of X, Y and Y' is N and R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are H, R<sup>2</sup> may not be H.

3. (original) A method of treatment of dysfunctions of the central and autonomic nervous systems comprising administering an effective amount of a compound represented by Formula (I) or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof:

$$R^4$$
 $Y'$ 
 $S$ 
 $(CH_2)_{n}$ 
 $NR$ 
 $R^3$ 
 $(I)$ 

wherein:

R<sup>1</sup> is -H,

 $C_{1-12}$ alkyl optionally substituted with 1, 2 or 3 groups independently selected from halogen, hydroxyl, thiol,  $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy or  $C_{1-4}$ alkylthio, or aryl-C1-4alkyl;

R<sup>2</sup> is -H,

-OH,

-C(O)-NH<sub>2</sub>,

-NH<sub>2</sub>,

-NH-Q-V-T, wherein

Q is -C(O)-, -C(O)-NH-, -C(O)O-, or -SO<sub>2</sub>-; V is H, aryl, aryl- $C_{1-12}$ alkyl, diaryl- $C_{1-12}$ alkyl, lactonyl, or  $C_{1-18}$ alkyl optionally substituted with halogen, hydroxyl,  $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy, -C(O)OC<sub>1-1</sub> 4alkyl, -OC(O)C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, aryl-C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, aryloxy, or SO<sub>2</sub>C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl; and T is H, halogen, C<sub>1-5</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, nitro, aryl, aryl-C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, or aryloxy unless V is H in which case T is absent; or

linked back to the aromatic ring so as to form a fused bicyclic compound represented by Formula (la)

wherein

D is O or S; and E is O, S, NR<sup>5</sup>, C(R<sup>5</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, O-CR<sup>5</sup><sub>2</sub>, NR<sup>5</sup>-CR<sup>5</sup><sub>2</sub>, NR<sup>5</sup>-CO, CR<sup>5</sup><sub>2</sub>-O, CR<sup>5</sup><sub>2</sub>-S(O)<sub>r</sub>, CR<sup>5</sup><sub>2</sub>-NR<sup>5</sup>, CR<sup>5</sup><sub>2</sub>-

 $CR^5_2$ ,  $CO-NR^5$ , or  $CR^5=CR^5$ ;

unless X is N in which case R<sup>2</sup> is absent

R<sup>3</sup> is H, halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl optionally substituted with from 1 to 3 fluorine atoms, cyano, CF<sub>3</sub>, OC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, aryloxy, arylC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, arylC<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>3-10</sub>cycloalkoxy, carboxy, carbonamido, -CO-, -CO<sub>2</sub>H, -NH<sub>2</sub>, NH-C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, aryl, hydroxy, -SO<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, -SO<sub>2</sub>NHC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, or -C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl-OH;

R<sup>4</sup> is H, halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl optionally substituted with from 1 to 3 fluorine atoms, cyano, CF<sub>3</sub>, OC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, aryloxy, arylC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, arylC<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>3-10</sub>cycloalkoxy, carboxy, carbonamido, -CO-, -CO<sub>2</sub>H, -NH<sub>2</sub>, NH-C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, aryl, hydroxy, -SO<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, -SO<sub>2</sub>NHC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, or -C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl-OH;

 $R^5$  is each independently H or  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl;

X is C or N;

W is C or N;

W' is C or N;

Y is C or N;

```
Y' is C or N;
        provided that there are no more than two N atoms in the aryl ring;
        m is 1, 2, or 3;
        n is 1, 2, or 3; and
        the sum of m and n is 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6;
provided that
        when X, W, W', Y and Y' are all C and R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are H, R<sup>2</sup> may not be -OH;
and that
        when one of X, Y and Y' is N and R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are H, R<sup>2</sup> may not be H;
and that
        when R<sup>2</sup> is H, OH or NH<sub>2</sub> and R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are H, R<sup>1</sup> may not be aryl-C1-4alkyl.
                 The method of any one of claims 1 to 3 wherein
4. (original)
        R<sup>1</sup> is
                -H, or
                C_{1-12}alkyl optionally substituted with 1, 2 or 3 groups independently selected
                from halogen, hydroxyl, thiol, C_{1-4}alkoxy or C_{1-4}alkylthio.
5. (currently amended)
                                 The method of any one of claims 1 to [[4]] 3, wherein
        R^2 is
                -H,
                 -C(O)-NH<sub>2</sub>,
                 -NH_2
                 -NH-Q-V-T as defined in claim 1; or
                linked back to the aromatic ring so as to form a fused bicyclic compound
                 represented by Formula (Ia) as defined in claim 1;
        unless X is N in which case R<sup>2</sup> is absent.
6. (currently amended)
                                 The method of any one of claims 1 to [[5]] 3, wherein
        R^2 is -C(O)-NH_2.
                 -NH-Q-V-T as defined in claim 1; or
                linked back to the aromatic ring so as to form a fused bicyclic compound
                 represented by Formula (Ia) as defined in claim 1;
        unless X is N in which case R<sup>2</sup> is absent.
7. (currently amended)
                                 The method of any one of claims 1 to [[6]] 3, wherein
        R^2 is
               -C(O)-NH<sub>2</sub>
                 -NH-Q-V-T, wherein
                                                  Q is -C(O)-NH-, or -C(O)O-;
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V is as defined in claim 1; and

T is as defined in claim 1; or

linked back to the aromatic ring so as to form a fused bicyclic compound represented by Formula (Ia) as defined in claim 1;

unless X is N in which case R<sup>2</sup> is absent.

## Claims 8 - 12 (canceled)

13. (original) A compound represented by Formula (I) or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof:

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^{4} & Y' & S & (CH_{2})_{n} \\
\downarrow & & & & (CH_{2})_{m} & NR^{1}
\end{array}$$

(I)

wherein:

R<sup>1</sup> is -H,

 $C_{1-12}$ alkyl optionally substituted with 1, 2 or 3 groups independently selected from halogen, hydroxyl, thiol,  $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy or  $C_{1-4}$ alkylthio, or aryl-C1-4alkyl;

 $R^2$  is -H,

-OH,

-C(O)-NH<sub>2</sub>,

 $-NH_2$ ,

-NH-Q-V-T, wherein

Q is -C(O)-, -C(O)-NH-, -C(O)O-, or -SO<sub>2</sub>-; V is H, aryl, aryl- $C_{1-12}$ alkyl, diaryl- $C_{1-12}$ alkyl, lactonyl, or  $C_{1-18}$ alkyl optionally substituted with halogen, hydroxyl,  $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy, -C(O)OC<sub>1</sub>. 4alkyl, -OC(O)C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, aryl- $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy, aryloxy, or SO<sub>2</sub>C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl; and T is H, halogen, C<sub>1-5</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, nitro, aryl, aryl-C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, or aryloxy unless V is H in which case T is absent; or

linked back to the aromatic ring so as to form a fused bicyclic compound represented by Formula (Ia)

wherein D is O or S; and

E is O, S, NR<sup>5</sup>, C(R<sup>5</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, O-CR<sup>5</sup><sub>2</sub>, NR<sup>5</sup>-CR<sup>5</sup><sub>2</sub>, NR<sup>5</sup>-CO, CR<sup>5</sup><sub>2</sub>-O, CR<sup>5</sup><sub>2</sub>-S(O)<sub>r</sub>, CR<sup>5</sup><sub>2</sub>-NR<sup>5</sup>, CR<sup>5</sup><sub>2</sub>-CR<sup>5</sup><sub>2</sub>, CO-NR<sup>5</sup>, or CR<sup>5</sup>=CR<sup>5</sup>;

unless X is N in which case R<sup>2</sup> is absent

R<sup>3</sup> is H, halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl optionally substituted with from 1 to 3 fluorine atoms, cyano, CF<sub>3</sub>, OC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, aryloxy, arylC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, arylC<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>3-10</sub>cycloalkoxy, carboxy, carbonamido, -CO-, -CO<sub>2</sub>H, -NH<sub>2</sub>, NH-C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, aryl, hydroxy, -SO<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, -SO<sub>2</sub>NHC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, or -C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl-OH;

R<sup>4</sup> is H, halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl optionally substituted with from 1 to 3 fluorine atoms, cyano, CF<sub>3</sub>, OC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, aryloxy, arylC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, arylC<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>3-10</sub>cycloalkoxy, carboxy, carbonamido, -CO-, -CO<sub>2</sub>H, -NH<sub>2</sub>, NH-C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, aryl, hydroxy, -SO<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, -SO<sub>2</sub>NHC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, or -C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl-OH;

 $R^5$  is each independently H or  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl;

X is C or N;

W is C or N;

W' is C or N;

Y is C or N;

Y' is C or N;

provided that there are no more than two N atoms in the aryl ring;

m is 1, 2, or 3;

n is 1, 2, or 3; and

the sum of m and n is 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6;

provided that

when X, W, W', Y and Y' are all C and  $R^3$  and  $R^4$  are H,  $R^2$  may not be -OH; and that

when one of X, Y and Y' is N and R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are H, R<sup>2</sup> may not be H;

and that

when R<sup>2</sup> is H, OH or NH<sub>2</sub> and R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are H, R<sup>1</sup> may not be aryl-C1-4alkyl; and excluding compounds represented by Formula I' or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof:

$$R^4$$
 $(CH_2)_n$ 
 $(CH_2)_m$ 
 $NR^1$ 

(I")

wherein:

R<sup>1</sup>, X, Y, m and n are as defined above

R<sup>2</sup> is -H,

-NH<sub>2</sub>,

-NH-Q-V-T, wherein

Q is -C(O)- or -SO<sub>2</sub>- and

V and T are as defined above;

unless X is N in which case R<sup>2</sup> is absent

 $R^3$  is H, halogen,  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $OC_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $-NH_2$ ,  $NH-C_{1-4}$ alkyl, or hydroxy;

 $R^4$  is H, halogen,  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $OC_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $CO_2H$ , -NH<sub>2</sub>, NH- $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, or hydroxy.

14. (original) A compound as claimed in claim 13 wherein

R<sup>1</sup> is -H, or

 $C_{1-12}$ alkyl optionally substituted with 1, 2 or 3 groups independently selected from halogen, hydroxyl, thiol,  $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy or  $C_{1-4}$ alkylthio.

15. (original) A compound as claimed in claim 13 or claim 14, wherein

-C(O)-NH<sub>2</sub>,

 $-NH_2$ ,

-NH-Q-V-T as defined in claim 13; or

linked back to the aromatic ring so as to form a fused bicyclic compound represented by Formula (Ia) as defined in claim 13;

unless X is N in which case R<sup>2</sup> is absent.

16. (currently amended) A compound as claimed in any one of claims 13 to [[15]] 14, wherein

$$R^2$$
 is  $-C(O)-NH_2$ ,

-NH-Q-V-T as defined in claim 13; or

linked back to the aromatic ring so as to form a fused bicyclic compound represented by Formula (Ia) as defined in claim 13;

unless X is N in which case R<sup>2</sup> is absent.

17. (currently amended) A compound as claimed in any one of claims 13 to [[16]] <u>14</u>, wherein

$$R^2$$
 is  $-C(O)-NH_2$ ,

-NH-Q-V-T, wherein

Q is -C(O)-NH-, or -C(O)O-;

V is as defined in claim 13; and

T is as defined in claim 13; or

linked back to the aromatic ring so as to form a fused bicyclic compound represented by Formula (Ia) as defined in claim 13;

unless X is N in which case R<sup>2</sup> is absent.

18. (original) A compound as claimed in claim 13 which is represented by Formula (II) or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof:

(II)

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wherein:
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R<sup>1</sup> is -H; 'or

 $C_{1-12}$  alkyl optionally substituted with 1, 2 or 3 groups independently selected from halogen, hydroxyl, thiol,  $C_{1-4}$  alkoxy or  $C_{1-4}$  alkylthio; or

aryl-C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl;

 $R^2$  is -H;

-OH;

-C(O)-NH<sub>2</sub>

 $-NH_2$ ;

-NH-Q-V-T

Q is -C(O)-;

-C(O)-NH-;

-C(O)O-; or

-SO<sub>2</sub>-

V is aryl;

aryl- $C_{1-12}$  alkyl;

diaryl-C<sub>1-12</sub> alkyl;

lactonyl; or

 $C_{1-18}$  alkyl optionally substituted with halogen, hydroxyl,  $C_{1-4}$  alkoxy,

 $-C(O)OC_{1-4}$  alkyl,  $-OC(O)C_{1-4}$  alkyl, aryl $-C_{1-4}$  alkoxy, aryloxy,  $SO_2C_{1-4}$  alkyl;

T is H;

halogen;

aryl;

aryl-C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl; or

aryloxy;

unless X is N in which case R<sup>2</sup> is absent

 $R^3$  and  $R^4$  are each independently selected from H, halogen,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl, cyano,  $CF_3$ ,  $OC_{1-4}$  alkyl, aryloxy,  $arylC_{1-4}$  alkoxy,  $C_{3-10}$  cycloalkoxy, carboxy, carbonamido, -CO-, -  $CO_2H$ , -NH<sub>2</sub>, NH- $C_{1-4}$  alkyl, aryl, hydroxy, -SO<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, -SO<sub>2</sub>NHC<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, - $C_{1-4}$  alkyl-OH;

X is C or N;

W is C or N, provided that both X and Y are not N;

Y is C or N

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m is 1, 2, or 3; n is 1, 2, or 3; and the sum of m and n is 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6.

- 19. (original) A compound as claimed in claim 18 wherein  $R^1$  is H;  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl optionally substituted with 1 or 2 hydroxyl groups; or aryl- $C_{1-4}$  alkyl.
- 20. (original) A compound as claimed in claim 19 wherein R<sup>1</sup> is benzyl, p-methoxybenzyl, furanylmethyl, imidazolylmethyl, pyridinylmethyl, thienylmethyl, pyridylmethyl, N-hydroxypyridylmethyl or thiazolylmethyl.
- 21. (original) A compound as claimed in any one of claims 18 to 20 wherein  $R^2$  is H,  $R^3$  is carbonamido (-CONH<sub>2</sub>) or  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl-OH, and  $R^4$  is H,  $C_{1/4}$ alkyl,  $CF_3$ , halogen or cyano.
- 22. (original) A compound as claimed in any one of claims 18 to 20 wherein  $R^2$  is OH, and  $R^3$  and  $R^4$  each independently represent H,  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $CF_3$ , cyano or halogen.
- 23. (original) A compound as claimed in any one of claims 18 to 20 wherein  $R^2$  is of formula –NH-Q-V-T; T is H and  $R^3$  and  $R^4$  each independently represent H, methyl,  $CF_3$ , chloro- or cyano-.
- 24. (original) A compound as claimed in any one of claims 18 to 20 wherein  $R^2$  is of formula –NH-SO<sub>2</sub>-V-T; V is aryl, -C<sub>1-12</sub> alkyl or aryl-C<sub>1-12</sub> alkyl,  $R_3$  is H, methyl, CF<sub>3</sub>, Cl or cyano and  $R^4$  is H.
- 25. (original) A compound as claimed in any one of claims 18 to 20 wherein  $R^2$  is of formula –NH-SO<sub>2</sub>-V-T, V is selected from  $C_{1-12}$  alkyl, phenyl, naphthyl, thienyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, or phenyl(CH=CH)–, optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3 or 4 substituents selected from:

-NO<sub>2</sub>;

halogen;

-CF<sub>3</sub>;

```
C<sub>1-12</sub> alkoxy;

C<sub>1-12</sub> alkylthio;

C<sub>1-12</sub> alkyl;

C<sub>1-4</sub> alkylsulfonyl;

-CN;

-OCF<sub>3</sub>;

-C(O)OC<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl;

-OCH<sub>2</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>;

-NHC(O) C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl.
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26. (original) A compound as claimed in any one of claims 18 to 20 wherein R<sup>2</sup> is of formula –NH-SO<sub>2</sub>-V-T, T is selected from H; or diazole, oxazole, isoxazole, phenyl or phenoxy, optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3 or 4 substituents selected from

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-NO<sub>2</sub>;
halogen;
-CF<sub>3</sub>;
C<sub>1-12</sub> alkoxy;
C<sub>1-12</sub> alkylthio;
C<sub>1-12</sub> alkylsulfonyl;
-CN;
-OCF<sub>3</sub>;
-C(O)OC<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl;
-OCH<sub>2</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>;
-NHC(O) C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl.
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27. (original) A compound as claimed in any one of claims 18 to 20 wherein R<sup>2</sup> is of formula –NH-SO<sub>2</sub>-V-T, V is selected from 3-chloro-4-methylphenyl, 3-chlorophenyl, 3-methoxyphenyl, 4-bromophenyl, 4-methoxyphenyl, 4-methylphenyl, naphthyl, 2,4,6-trimethylphenyl, phenyl(CH=CH)-, 4-chlorophenyl, 2-chlorophenyl, 2,5-dichlorothien-3-yl, 2,5,6-trimethyl-4-methoxyphenyl, 4-methoxyphenyl, 2,3,4-trifluorophenyl, 3-cyanophenyl, 2-methoxycarbonylthien-3-yl or 4-pentylphenyl and T is H.

28. (original) A compound as claimed in any one of claims 18 to 20 wherein R<sup>2</sup> is of formula –NH-SO<sub>2</sub>-V-T, T is 2-chloro-5-nitrophenoxy and V is phenyl.

29. (original) A compound as claimed in any one of claims 18 to 20 wherein R<sup>2</sup> is of formula –NH-C(O)-V-T wherein V is selected from

aryl;

aryl- $C_{1-12}$  alkyl;

diaryl- $C_{1-12}$  alkyl;

lactonyl; or

 $C_{1-18}$  alkyl optionally substituted with halogen, hydroxyl,  $C_{1-4}$  alkoxy,  $C(O)OC_{1-4}$  alkyl,  $OC(O)C_{1-4}$  alkyl, aryl- $C_{1-4}$  alkoxy, aryloxy.

30 (original) A compound as claimed in any one of claims 18 to 20 wherein  $R^2$  is of formula –NH-C(O)-V-T, and V is selected from  $C_{1-12}$  alkyl, phenyl, phenyl- $C_{1-12}$  alkyl, diphenylmethyl, naphthyl, furanyl, thienyl, diazolyl, pyridinyl, thiazolyl, benzothienyl, fluorenyl, oxazolyl or isoxazolyl, optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3 or 4 substituents independently selected from

 $-NO_2$ ;

halogen;

-CF<sub>3</sub>;

 $C_{1-12}$  alkoxy;

 $C_{1-12}$  alkylthio;

 $C_{1-12}$  alkyl;

 $C_{1-4}$  alkylsulfonyl;

-CN;

-OCF<sub>3</sub>;

 $-C(O)O-C_{1-4}$  alkyl;

-OCH<sub>2</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>.

31. (original) A compound as claimed in any one of claims 18 to 20 wherein R<sup>2</sup> is of formula –NH-C(O)-V-T, T is selected from

H;

halogen; or

diazole, oxazole, isoxazole, phenyl, phenoxy or benzodioxanyl optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3 or 4 substituents selected from

-NO<sub>2</sub>;
halogen;
-CF<sub>3</sub>;
C<sub>1-12</sub> alkylthio;
C<sub>1-12</sub> alkoxy;
C<sub>1-12</sub> alkyl;
C<sub>1-4</sub> alkylsulfonyl;
-CN;
-OCF<sub>3</sub>;
-C(O)O-C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl.

32. (original) A compound as claimed in any one of Claims 18 to 20 wherein R<sup>2</sup> is of formula –NH-C(O)N-V-T wherein V is selected from

 $C_{1\text{--}18} \text{ alkyl optionally substituted with halogen, hydroxyl, } C_{1\text{--}4} \text{ alkoxy,}$   $C(O)OC_{1\text{--}4} \text{ alkyl, } OC(O)C_{1\text{--}4} \text{ alkyl, aryl-} C_{1\text{--}4} \text{ alkoxy, aryloxy;}$ 

aryl; or aryl-C<sub>1-12</sub> alkyl.

33. (original) A compound as claimed in any one of claims 18 to 20 wherein  $R^2$  is of formula –NH-C(O)NH-V-T, V is selected from phenyl, phenyl- $C_{1-12}$  alkyl or naphthyl optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3 or 4 substituents selected from

-NO<sub>2</sub>;
halogen;
-CF<sub>3</sub>;
C<sub>1-12</sub> alkylthio;
C<sub>1-12</sub> alkoxy;
C<sub>1-12</sub> alkyl;
C<sub>1-4</sub> alkylsulfonyl;
-CN;
-OCF<sub>3</sub>;
-C(O)O-C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl.

34. (original) A compound as claimed in any one of claims 18 to 20 wherein R<sup>2</sup> is of formula –NH-C(O)O-V-T, wherein V is selected from

 $C_{1-18}$  alkyl optionally substituted with halogen, hydroxyl,  $C_{1-4}$  alkoxy,  $C(O)OC_{1-4}$  alkyl,  $OC(O)C_{1-4}$  alkyl, aryl- $C_{1-4}$  alkoxy, aryloxy;

aryl; or

aryl-C<sub>1-12</sub> alkyl.

35. (original) A compound as claimed in any one of claims 18 to 20 wherein R<sup>2</sup> is of formula –NH-C(O)O-V-T, preferably V is selected from phenyl or phenyl-C<sub>1-12</sub> alkyl optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3 or 4 substituents selected from

 $-NO_2$ ;

halogen;

-CF<sub>3</sub>;

 $C_{1-12}$  alkylthio;

 $C_{1-12}$  alkoxy;

 $C_{1-12}$  alkyl;

C<sub>1-4</sub> alkylsulfonyl;

-CN;

-OCF<sub>3</sub>;

 $-C(O)O-C_{1-4}$  alkyl; or

-OCH<sub>2</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>.

36. (original) A compound as claimed in claim 13 wherein R<sup>2</sup> is of formula –NH-C(O)-V-T wherein V is H, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>3-6</sub>cycloalkyl, aryl or aryl-C<sub>1-12</sub>alkyl; and T is H, halogen, C<sub>1-5</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, nitro, aryl, aryl-C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, or aryloxy unless V is H in which case T is absent.

37. (original) A compound as claimed in claim 36

wherein V is H, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl or C<sub>3-6</sub>cycloalkyl, and

T is H unless V is H in which case T is absent.

38. (original) A compound as claimed in claim 36

wherein V is aryl or aryl-C<sub>1-12</sub>alkyl, and

T is H, halogen,  $C_{1-5}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy, nitro, aryl, aryl- $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, or aryloxy.

39. (original) A compound as claimed in claim 38

wherein V is phenyl, pyridyl, thienyl, thiazolyl, thiadiazolyl, or phenyl- $C_{1-6}$ alkyl; and T is H, halogen,  $C_{1-5}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy, nitro, aryl, aryl- $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, or aryloxy.

40. (original) A compound as claimed in claim 13 wherein

R<sup>1</sup> is -H,

C<sub>1-12</sub>alkyl optionally substituted with 1, 2 or 3 groups independently selected from halogen, hydroxyl, thiol, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy or C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylthio, or aryl-C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl;

 $R^2$  is -NH<sub>2</sub>, or

-NH-Q-V-T, wherein

Q is -C(O)-, -C(O)-NH-, -C(O)O-, or -SO<sub>2</sub>-; V is H, aryl, aryl- $C_{1-12}$ alkyl, diaryl- $C_{1-12}$ alkyl, lactonyl, or  $C_{1-18}$ alkyl optionally substituted with halogen, hydroxyl,  $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy, -C(O)OC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, -OC(O)C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, aryl- $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy, aryloxy, or SO<sub>2</sub>C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl; and T is H, halogen, aryl, aryl- $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, or aryloxy unless V is H in which case T is absent,

- R<sup>3</sup> is H, halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl optionally substituted with from 1 to 3 fluorine atoms, cyano, CF<sub>3</sub>, OC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, aryloxy, arylC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, arylC<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>3-10</sub>cycloalkoxy, carboxy, carbonamido, -CO-NH-C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, aryl, hydroxy, -SO<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, -SO<sub>2</sub>NHC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, or -C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl-OH;
- $R^4$  is H, halogen,  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl optionally substituted with from 1 to 3 fluorine atoms, cyano,  $CF_3$ ,  $OC_{1-4}$ alkyl, aryloxy, aryl $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, aryl $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy,  $C_{3-10}$ cycloalkoxy, carboxy, carbonamido, -CO-NH- $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, aryl, hydroxy,  $SO_2$ NH $_2$ , -SO $_2$ NH $_2$ -alkyl, or - $C_{1-4}$ alkyl-OH;

X is C;

W is C or N;

W' is C or N;

Y is C or N;

Y' is C or N;

provided that there are not more than two N atoms in the aryl ring and provided that at least one of W, W', Y or Y' is N;

m is 1, 2, or 3;

n is 1, 2, or 3; and

the sum of m and n is 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6.

41. (original) A compound as claimed in claim 40 wherein

W is C;

W' is C;

Y' is C; and

Y is N.

42. (original) A compound as claimed in claim 40

wherein

W is N;

W' is C;

Y' is C; and

Y is C.

43. (original) A compound as claimed in any one of claims 40 to 42 wherein

 $R^2$  is -NH<sub>2</sub>.

44. (original) A compound as claimed in any one of claims 40 to 42 wherein

R<sup>2</sup> is -NH-Q-V-T, wherein

Q is -C(O)-, -C(O)-NH-, -C(O)O-, or -SO<sub>2</sub>-; V is H, aryl, aryl- $C_{1-12}$ alkyl, diaryl- $C_{1-12}$ alkyl, lactonyl, or  $C_{1-18}$ alkyl optionally substituted with halogen, hydroxyl,  $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy, -C(O)OC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, -OC(O)C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, aryl- $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy, aryloxy, or SO<sub>2</sub>C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl; and T is H, halogen, aryl, aryl-C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, or aryloxy unless V is H in which case T is absent.

45. (original) A compound as claimed in claim 44 wherein

Q is -SO<sub>2</sub>- or -CO-.

46. (original) A compound as claimed in Claim 13 wherein:

 $R^{1}$  is -H,  $C_{1-12}$  alkyl optionally substituted with 1, 2 or 3 groups independently selected from halogen, hydroxyl, thiol,  $C_{1-4}$  alkoxy or  $C_{1-4}$  alkylthio, or aryl- $C_{1-4}$  alkyl;

R<sup>2</sup> is linked back to the aromatic ring so as to form a fused bicyclic compound represented by Formula (Ia)

wherein D is O or S; and

E is O, S,  $NR^5$ , or  $C(R^5)_2$ ,

R<sup>3</sup> is H, halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl optionally substituted with from 1 to 3 fluorine atoms, cyano, CF<sub>3</sub>, OC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, aryloxy, arylC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, arylC<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>3-10</sub>cycloalkoxy, carboxy, carbonamido, -CO-NH-C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, aryl, hydroxy, -SO<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, -SO<sub>2</sub>NHC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, or -C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl-OH;

R<sup>4</sup> is H, halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl optionally substituted with from 1 to 3 fluorine atoms, cyano, CF<sub>3</sub>, OC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, aryloxy, arylC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, arylC<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>3-10</sub>cycloalkoxy, carboxy, carbonamido, -CO-NH-C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, aryl, hydroxy, -SO<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, -SO<sub>2</sub>NHC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, or -C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl-OH;

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R<sup>5</sup> is each independently H or C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl;

X is C;

W is C or N;

W' is C;

Y is C or N;

Y' is C or N;

provided that there are no more than two N atoms in the aryl ring,

m is 1, 2, or 3;

n is 1, 2, or 3; and

the sum of m and n is 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6.

- 47. (original) A compound as claimed in Claim 46 wherein E is O or NR<sup>5</sup>.
- 48. (original) A compound as claimed in Claim 46 or 47 wherein  $R^5$  is/are each independently H or  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl.
- 49. (original) A compound as claimed in Claim 13 wherein:

R<sup>1</sup> is -H.

 $C_{1-12}$ alkyl optionally substituted with 1, 2 or 3 groups independently selected from halogen, hydroxyl, thiol,  $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy or  $C_{1-4}$ alkylthio, or aryl- $C_{1-4}$ alkyl;

R<sup>2</sup> is linked back to the aromatic ring so as to form a fused bicyclic compound represented by Formula (Ia)

wherein D is O or S; and
E is O-CR $^5_2$ , NR $^5$ -CR $^5_2$ , NR $^5$ -CO, CR $^5_2$ -O,
CR $^5_2$ -S(O)<sub>r</sub>, CR $^5_2$ -NR $^5$ , CR $^5_2$ -CR $^5_2$ , CO-NR $^5$ , or
CR $^5$ =CR $^5$ :

- R<sup>3</sup> is H, halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl optionally substituted with from 1 to 3 fluorine atoms, cyano, CF<sub>3</sub>, OC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, aryloxy, arylC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, arylC<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>3-10</sub>cycloalkoxy, carboxy, carbonamido, -CO-NH-C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, aryl, hydroxy, -SO<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, -SO<sub>2</sub>NHC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, or -C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl-OH;
- R<sup>4</sup> is H, halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl optionally substituted with from 1 to 3 fluorine atoms, cyano, CF<sub>3</sub>, OC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, aryloxy, arylC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, arylC<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>3-10</sub>cycloalkoxy, carboxy, carbonamido, -CO-NH-C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, aryl, hydroxy, -SO<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, -SO<sub>2</sub>NHC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, or -C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl-OH;

R<sup>5</sup> is each independently H, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl;

X is C;

W is C or N;

W' is C;

Y is C or N;

Y' is C or N;

provided that there are no more than two N atoms in the aryl ring;

m is 1, 2, or 3;

n is 1, 2, or 3; and

the sum of m and n is 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6.

- 50. (original) A compound as claimed in Claim 49 wherein E is O-CR<sup>5</sup><sub>2</sub>, NR<sup>5</sup>-CR<sup>5</sup><sub>2</sub>, NR<sup>5</sup>-CR<sup>5</sup><sub>2</sub>, or CR<sup>5</sup>=CR<sup>5</sup>.
- 51. (original) A compound as claimed in Claim 49 or 50 wherein E is O-CR<sup>5</sup><sub>2</sub>, NR<sup>5</sup>-CO, or CR<sup>5</sup>=CR<sup>5</sup>.
- 52. (currently amended) A compound as claimed in any one of Claims 49 to [[51]]  $\underline{50}$  wherein R<sup>5</sup> is/are each independently H or C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl.
- 53. (currently amended) A compound as claimed in any one of claims 18 to [[35]] <u>20</u> wherein m is 2 and n is 1, 2 or 3.

- 54. (currently amended) A compound as claimed in any one of claims 18 to [[35]] <u>20</u> wherein m is 2 and n is 2.
- 55. (currently amended) A compound as claimed in any one of claims 18 to [[35]] 20 wherein X, Y and W are C.
- 56. (canceled)
- 57. (currently amended) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound as claimed in [[any one of]] claim[[s]] [[8 to 56]] 13 with a pharmaceutically acceptable diluent or carrier.